

### Let's act together to achieve the 17 Sustainable Development Goals





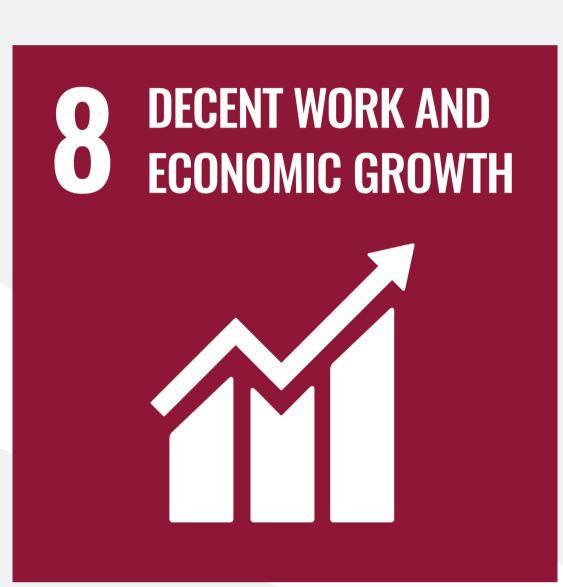






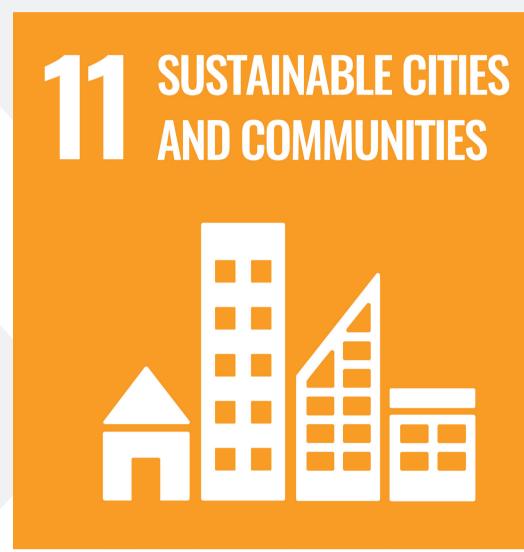


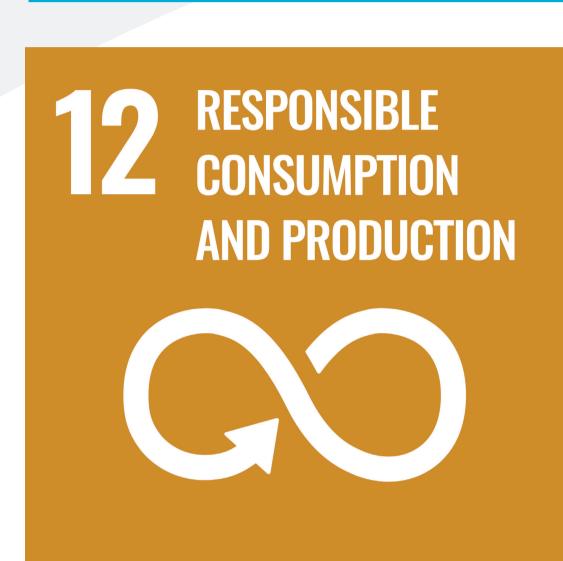
























End poverty, protect the planet and ensure prosperity for all.





Let's act together!

www.youneedtoknow.ch www.fondationpourgeneve.ch



1 NO POVERTY

MACHINE TO THE POWERTY

MACHINE TO THE P

- The number of people living in extreme poverty decreased by more than half between 1990 and 2015, from 1.9 billion to 836 million.
- ▶ 10% of the world population still lives in extreme poverty. The majority of people living on less than USD 1.90 a day live in sub-Saharan Africa.
- ▶ 8.7% of the Swiss population is affected by poverty. The poverty line is CHF 2,279 per month for a single person and CHF 3,976 for a household with children.

Global poverty affects us all. How can we break its vicious circle? Here are a few simple things we can do every day.



Buy sustainable and fair trade products to preserve environmental

resources and

reward employees

fairly for their work.



Sort through your old clothing. Donate what you no longer want to associations (Caritas, Terre des hommes, Emmaüs, Centre social protestant, etc.) or leave it in your neighbourhood donation bin.



Help those in need. Volunteer for social and humanitarian associations.



Sponsor a child so that he or she can have access to better food, education and health.



Share your knowledge at community centres, such as the cantonal Red Cross associations (administrative assistance, language classes, help with writing CVs, etc.).













### End poverty in all its forms everywhere



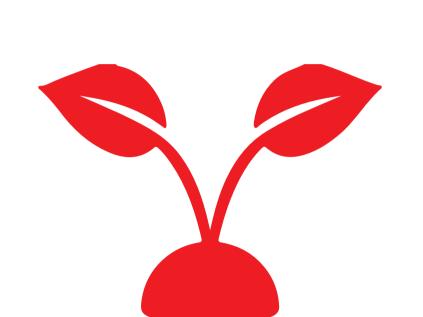






- Support people harmed by economic, social and environmental shocks and climate-related extreme events.
- Ensure social protection for the poor and vulnerable.
- Increase access to basic services.

### International Geneva, solutions to end poverty

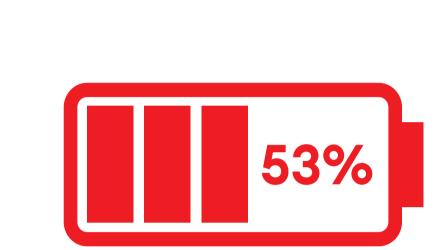


The United Nations
Development
Programme (UNDP)
is helping to improve
the living conditions
of millions of people
by focusing on
mutual assistance
between private
and public actors
through long-term
investments. Today,
UNDP is present
in more than 170
countries.



The United

Nations Research **Institute for Social** Development (UNRISD) explains that only transformative change can break the vicious circle of poverty, inequality and environmental destruction, by tackling the root causes of these phenomena rather than their symptoms.



Energy poverty affects 53% of the world's population. The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) aims to facilitate access to reliable electricity grids, as a first step towards eradicating poverty.



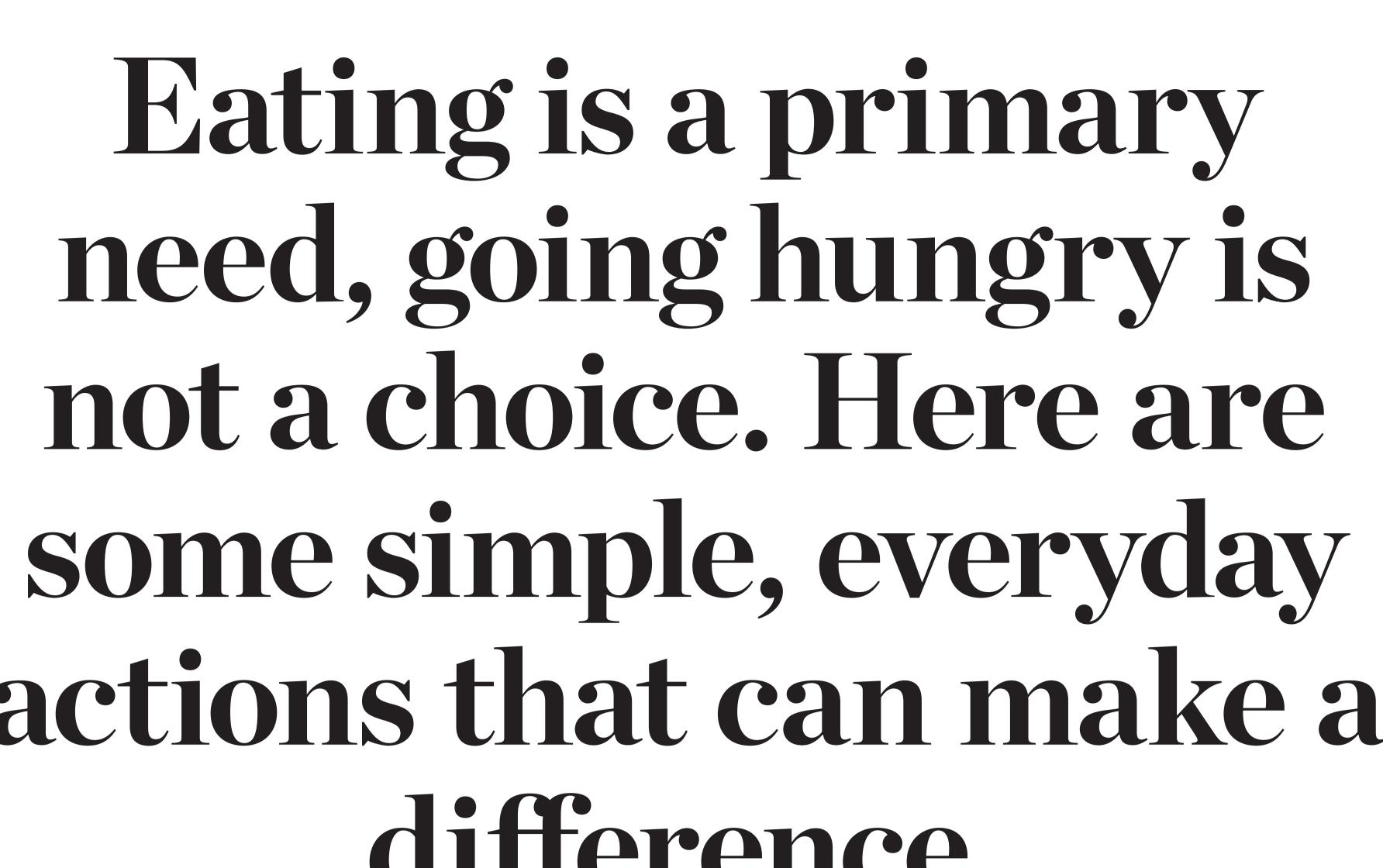
In 2017, 1.7 billion adults worldwide did not have a bank account, but among them, 1.1 billion had a mobile phone. With its open-source platform for digital financial services, the International Telecommunicatio n Union (ITU) aims to facilitate financial inclusion as a means of combatting poverty.





- 8.9% of the world population suffers from hunger.
- ▶ 149 million children aged under 5 are affected by stunting as a result of malnutrition.
- If food waste was cut by a quarter, world famine could be solved. A third of the food produced in Switzerland never reaches the consumer's plate.

Eating is a primary need, going hungry is not a choice. Here are some simple, everyday actions that can make a difference.





Find out about associations that collect food in your neighbourhood and give them nonperishable foods.



Most emergency food aid providers need specific skills, such as bookkeeping, using social media and writing skills. Offer to help once a week.



Support food aid **programmes** to fight world hunger.



To avoid food waste, adjust how much you buy to your family's needs and keep what needs to be eaten quickly at the front of the fridge.



Many people who do not have enough food do not dare ask for help because they are ashamed or fear being stigmatized. Speak out against stereotypes and make your friends and family aware of the reality these people face.













### Endinung er forms of manutrition



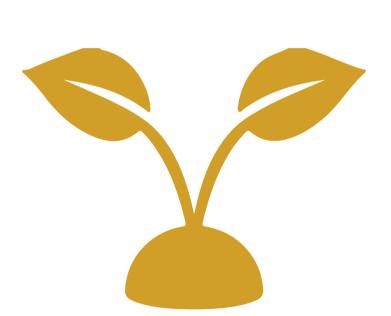






- End hunger and all forms of malnutrition by 2030.
- Ensure universal access to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round.
- Promote sustainable food production systems and resilient agricultural practices.

### International Geneva, solutions to end hunger



71% of the world's population, especially in rural zones, have no access to social protection. The Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) helps States to integrate social protection into their national strategy to combat hunger.



The Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition (GAIN), through its "Marketplace for Nutritious Foods" programme, aims to facilitate access to healthy food at affordable prices by supporting the local SMEs that produce this food.



The "Sustainability Map" platform of the International Trade Centre (ITC) allows small-scale producers and suppliers to learn about sustainable farming methods.



Based on satellite images and information gathered in the field, the Group on **Earth Observations** (GEO) enhances the transparency of international markets. GEO is helping to prevent unexpected price movements upstream on the commodity markets, which promotes food security.





- ▶ 15 million premature deaths (before the age of 70) worldwide are caused by cardiovascular diseases, cancer, respiratory diseases or diabetes. Of these, 4.2 million are linked to ambient (outdoor) air
- ► Tobacco kills 8 million people worldwide every year, including 1.2 million non-smokers involuntarily exposed to second-hand smoke.

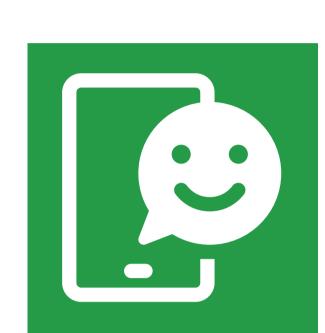
pollution.

Measles deaths decreased by 80% thanks to vaccination between 2000 and 2017.

Health is one of our most precious assets. Each of us can do our bit to improve our own health and that of others.



Non-communicable diseases, including heart disease, remain the leading cause of death. Learn about their causes and symptoms.



Make the people around you aware of depression; mental health is also important.



HIV and AIDS have not gone away.
Protect yourself and get tested.



Adopt a healthy lifestyle. Do not smoke and get active. Eat a balanced diet and drink plenty of water. Get enough sleep.



GOOD HEALTH

During an epidemic, follow the authorities' guidance. Wash your hands, and cough and sneeze into a tissue or your elbow.













# Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages



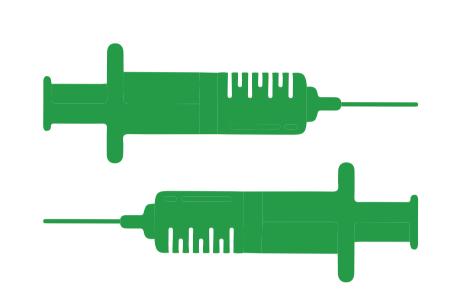






- Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for communicable and non-communicable diseases.
- Achieve universal health coverage.
- Strengthen capacity for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks.

## International Geneva, solutions to ensure access to health and well-being for all



The Global Alliance for Vaccines and **Immunization** (GAVI) has helped to vaccinate more than 822 million children against diseases, such as measles or rotavirus, that particularly affect newborns. This campaign has prevented more than 14 million future deaths in developing countries.



Worldwide, at least 400 million people do not have access to essential health services. The World Health Organization (WHO) is supporting countries that wish to develop their health systems and move towards universal health coverage.



The Member States of the World Trade Organization (WTO) have amended trade rules in order to facilitate access to medicines at an affordable price for countries without a pharmaceutical industry.



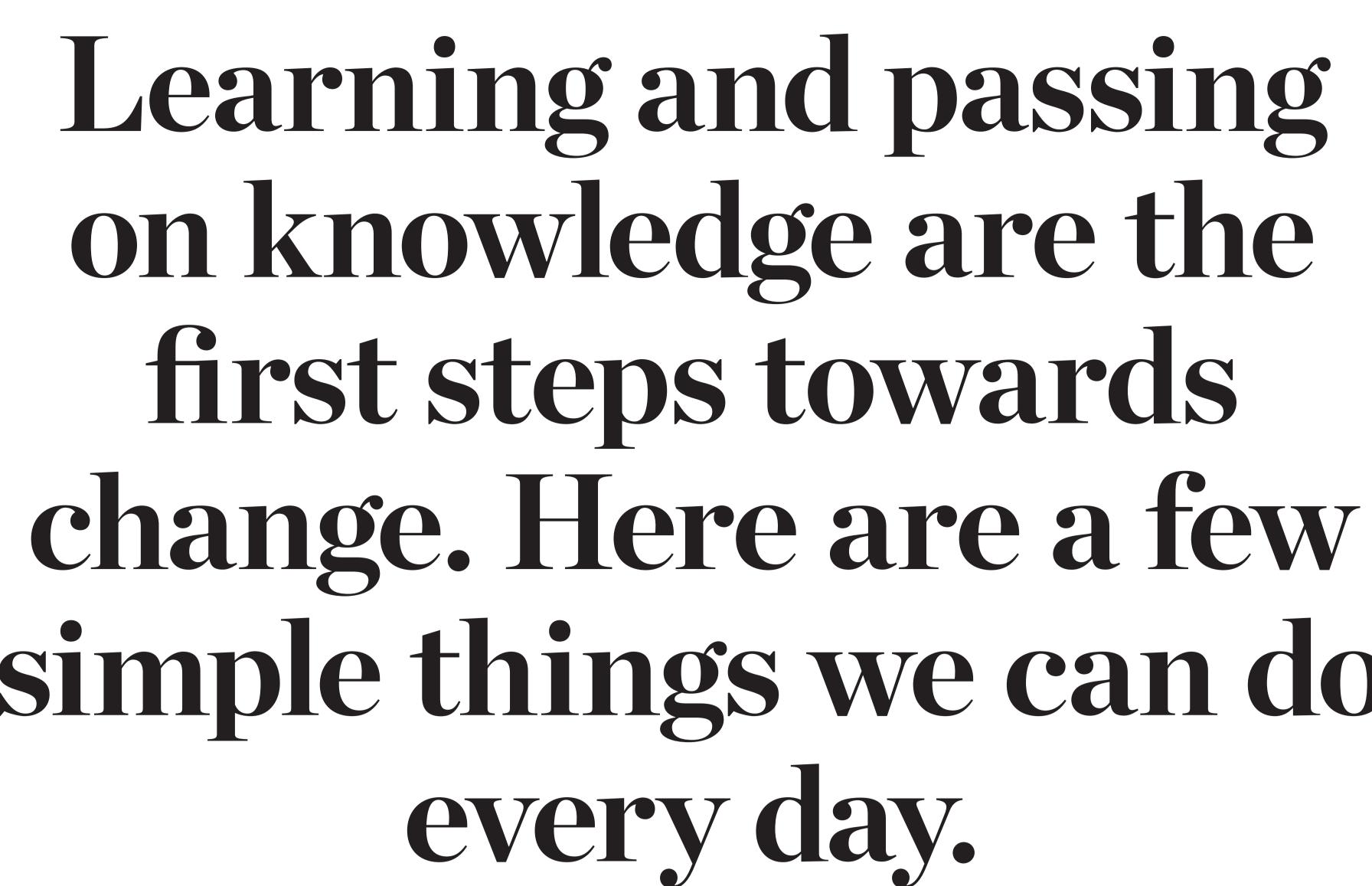
The United Nations
Children's Fund
(UNICEF) is working
to strengthen health
systems in the most
deprived areas and
to facilitate the
implementation of
maternal health
programmes. The
annual number
of global under-5
deaths declined from
12.7 million in 1990 to
5.2 million in 2019.





- > 57 million children remain out of school in developing countries.
- ▶ 617 million children and adolescents are not meeting minimum proficiency standards in reading and mathematics.
- > 50% of children out of school live in conflictaffected areas.

Learning and passing on knowledge are the first steps towards change. Here are a few simple things we can do every day.

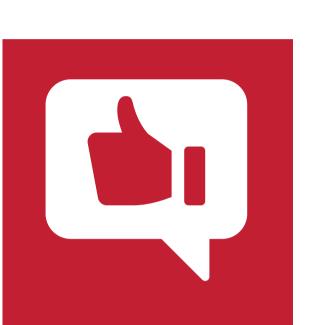




Make your children aware of the importance of education; many do not see the concrete benefits.



Take education outside the confines of the classroom and make it fun. Discover other cultures, take your children to museums and foster their curiosity about the world around them.



Show your children films and read them books that are both educational and entertaining.



**Encourage your** children to follow the news by means of newspapers, news broadcasts and specialized TV programmes.



Support charitable organizations working in the field of education. Teach your first language to migrants at a youth centre or elsewhere.













### Ensure quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for



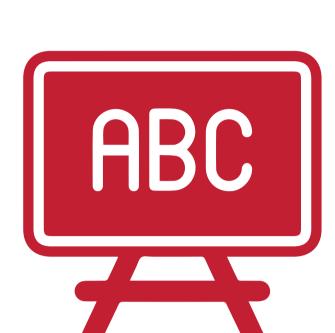






- Ensure that all children have access to complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education.
- ► Substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship.
- Ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development.

### International Geneva, solutions for a quality education for all



The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) undertakes to expand access to quality education for every child and youth, to end discrimination at all levels in the education system and to improve the quality of education, by increasing the global supply of qualified teachers.



The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) helps countries to establish national education quality standards, strengthen school governance, meet the educational needs of children with disabilities, support secondary education for girls, protect schools from violence and disasters, and provide education in emergency situations.

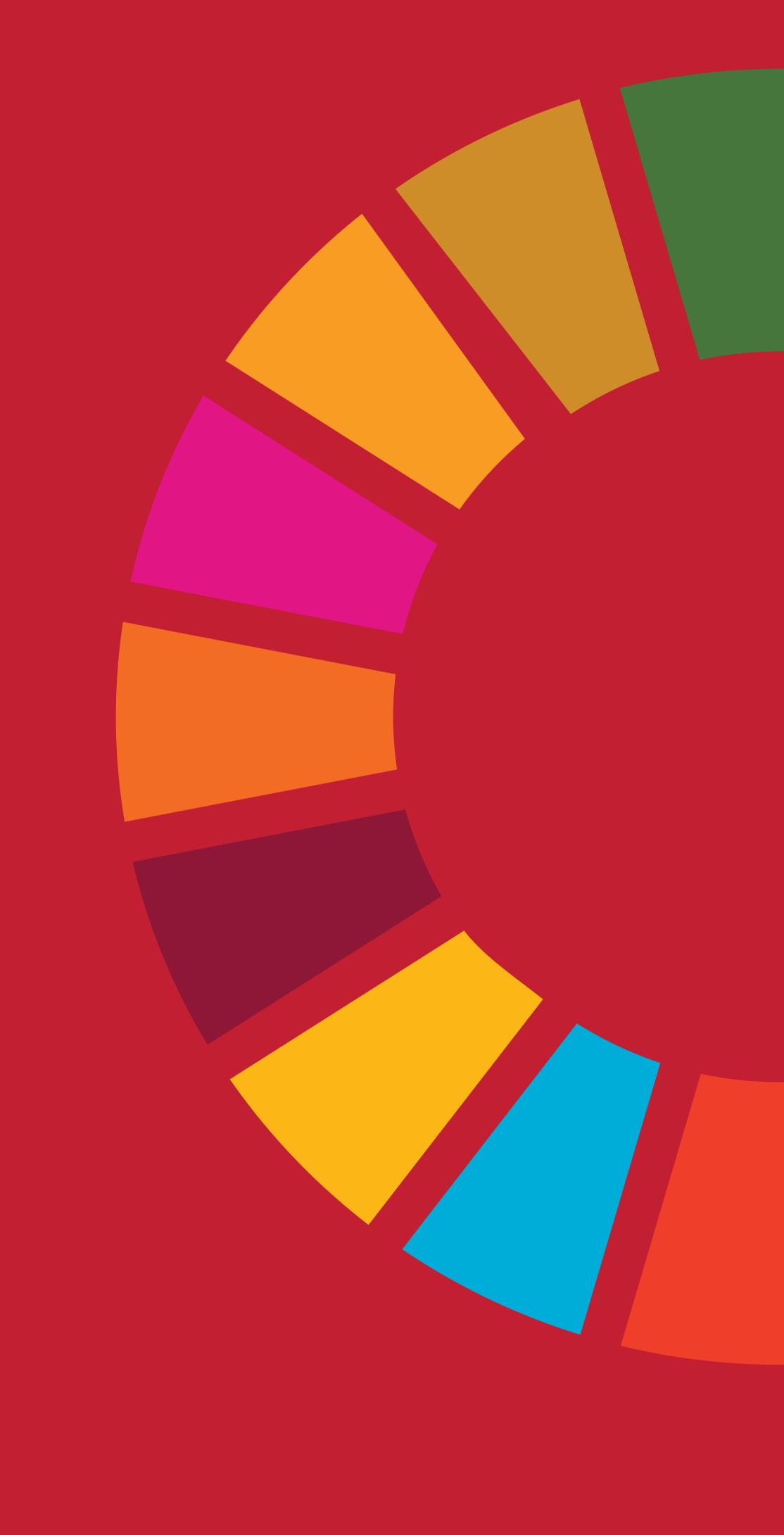


The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) helps to provide refugees of all ages with access to an equitable quality education in national systems.

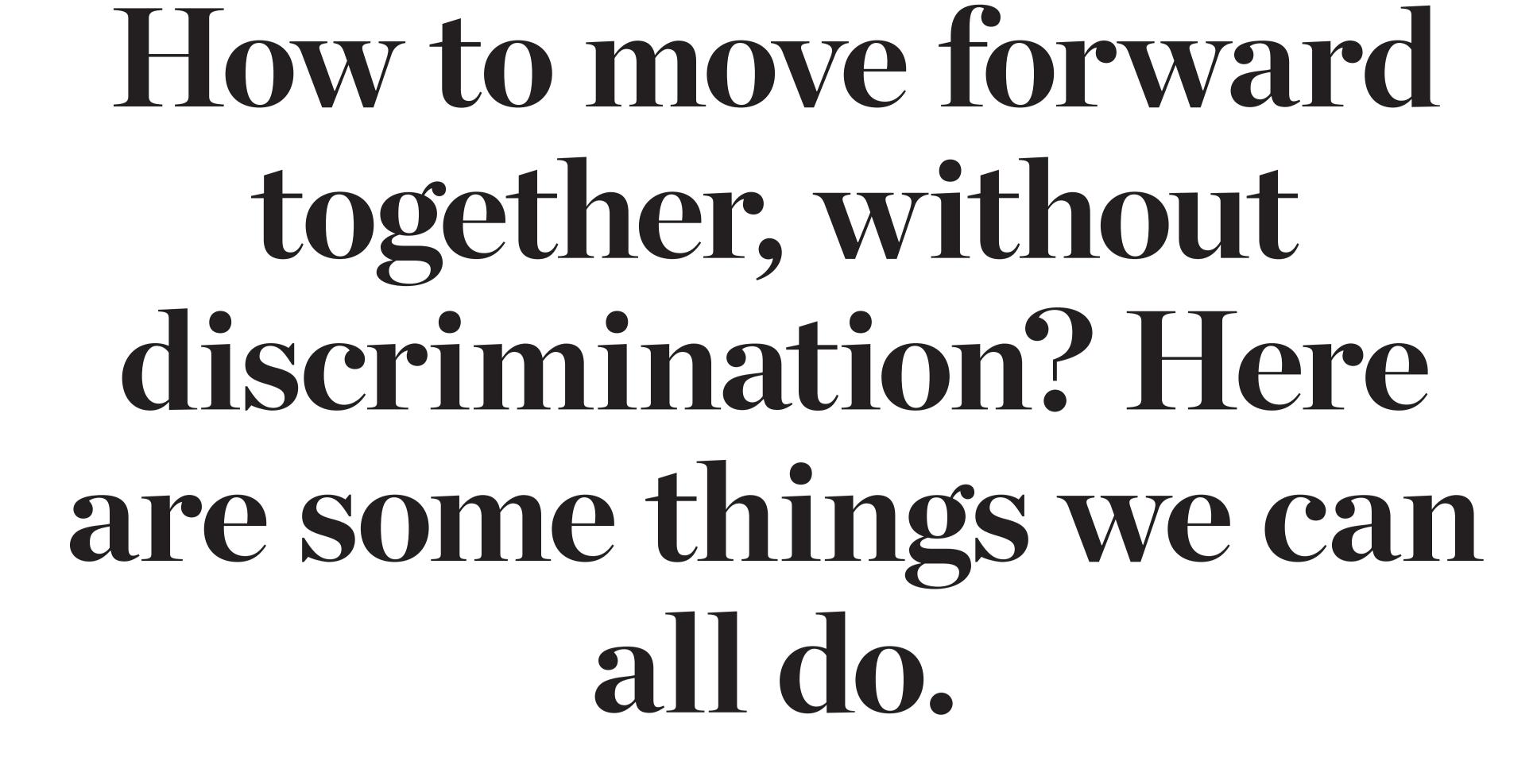


Research by the **United Nations** Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) has shown that 260 million children are currently out of school worldwide. UNESCO has played a key role in developing and implementing the Education 2030 Agenda, focusing in particular on gender equality, equity and inclusion.





- One in five women worldwide have been subjected to physical and/or sexual violence by an intimate partner or to sexual violence by someone else. Yet, 49 countries still lack laws protecting women from domestic violence.
- There are only 26
  women serving as
  Heads of State and/
  or Government, and
  119 countries have
  never elected a female
  leader. At the current
  rate, gender equality
  in the highest positions
  of power will not be
  reached for another 130
  years.
- Although women and men have the same legal rights in Switzerland, the wage gap is 11.5%.





Make gender equality an essential part of teaching and education. Young people should be supported in their choice of profession, regardless of their sex.



At work, increase the representation of women in leadership positions. Fight against all discrimination.



At home, apply egalitarian decision-making processes. Divide chores equally.



Be part of a culture in which abused women and men can talk about it. Be aware of your rights and defend them.



Make sure that a good work-life balance is ingrained in corporate culture, for both women and men.









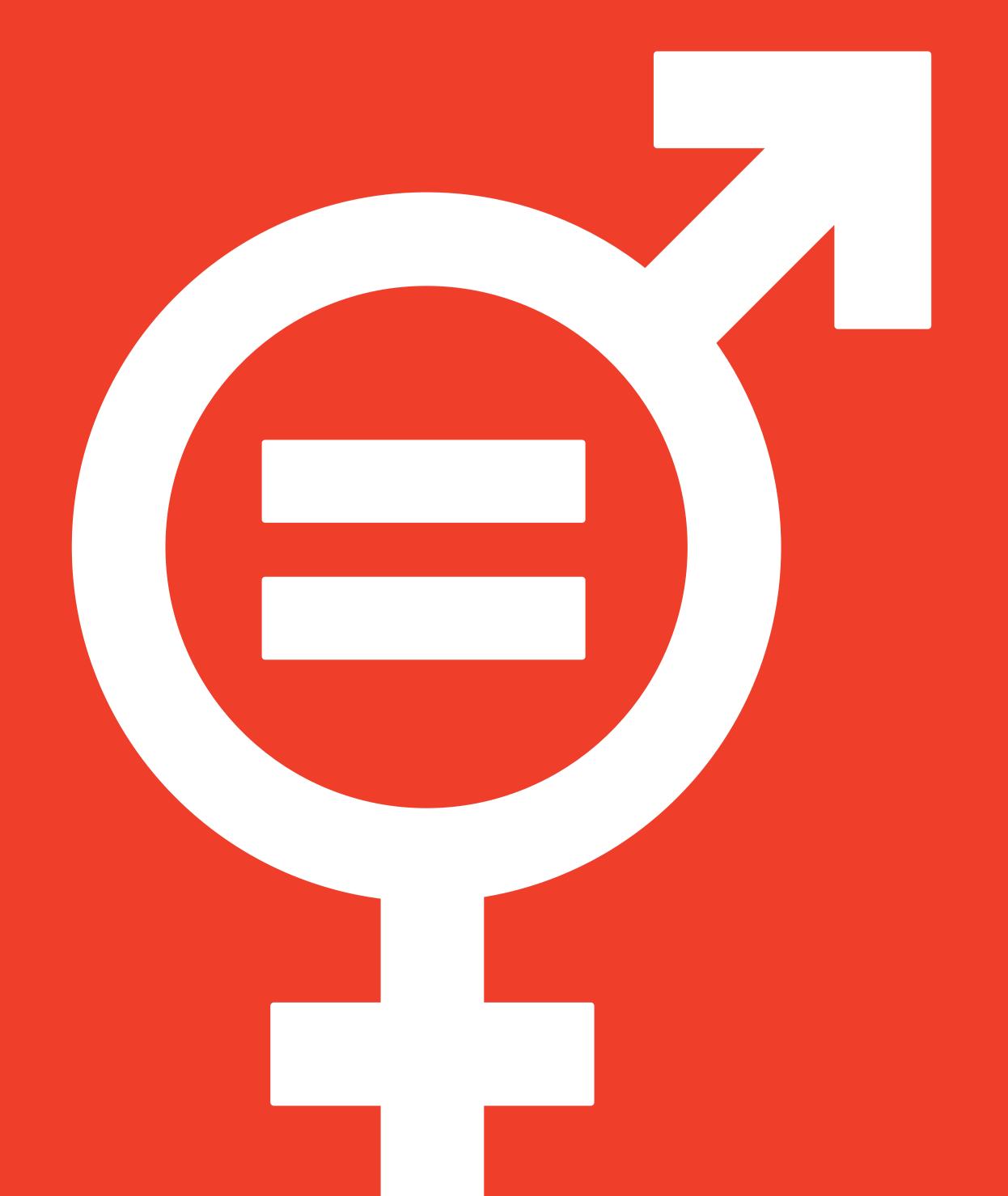




### Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



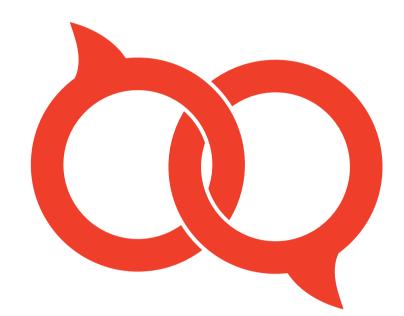






- Advocate equal opportunities for men and women in economic life.
- Eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls.
- Promote equal participation at all levels.

### International Geneva, solutions for gender equality



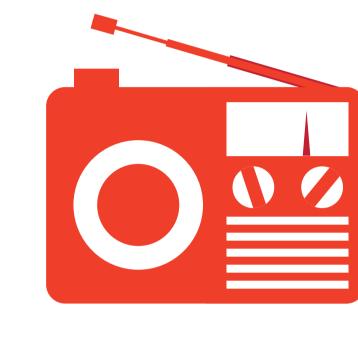
The International
Gender Champions
-Geneva is anetwork
that bringstogether
female andmale
decision-makers
determinedto
break downgender
barriers, byworking
to spreadrespect,
equity anddiversity
in theworkplace.



Several studies carried out by the United Nations Research Institute for Social Development (UNRISD) were instrumental in the decision to include unpaid care and domestic work in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.



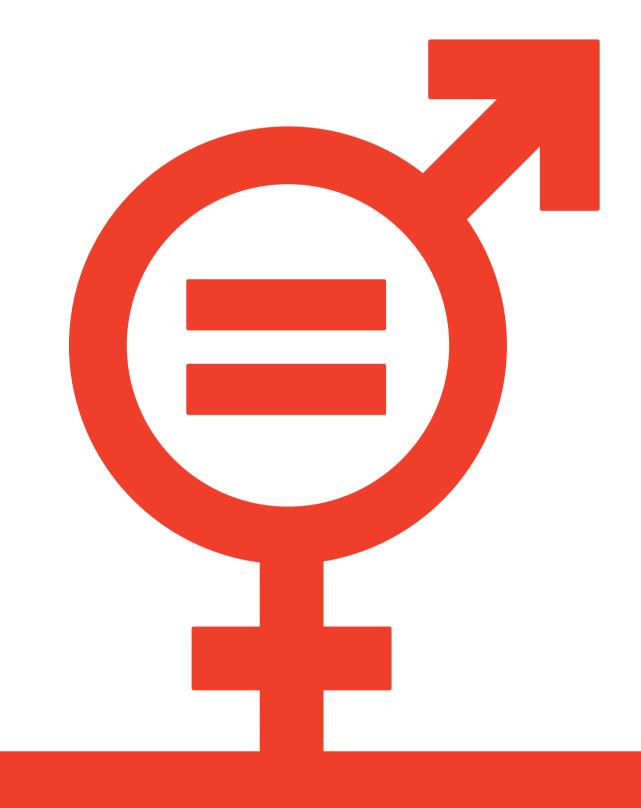
Gender equality is one of the prerequisites for further development and reducing poverty. The International Labour Organization (ILO) has established a legal framework to protect women's rights at work and also seeks to promote their empowerment through training for women entrepreneurs.

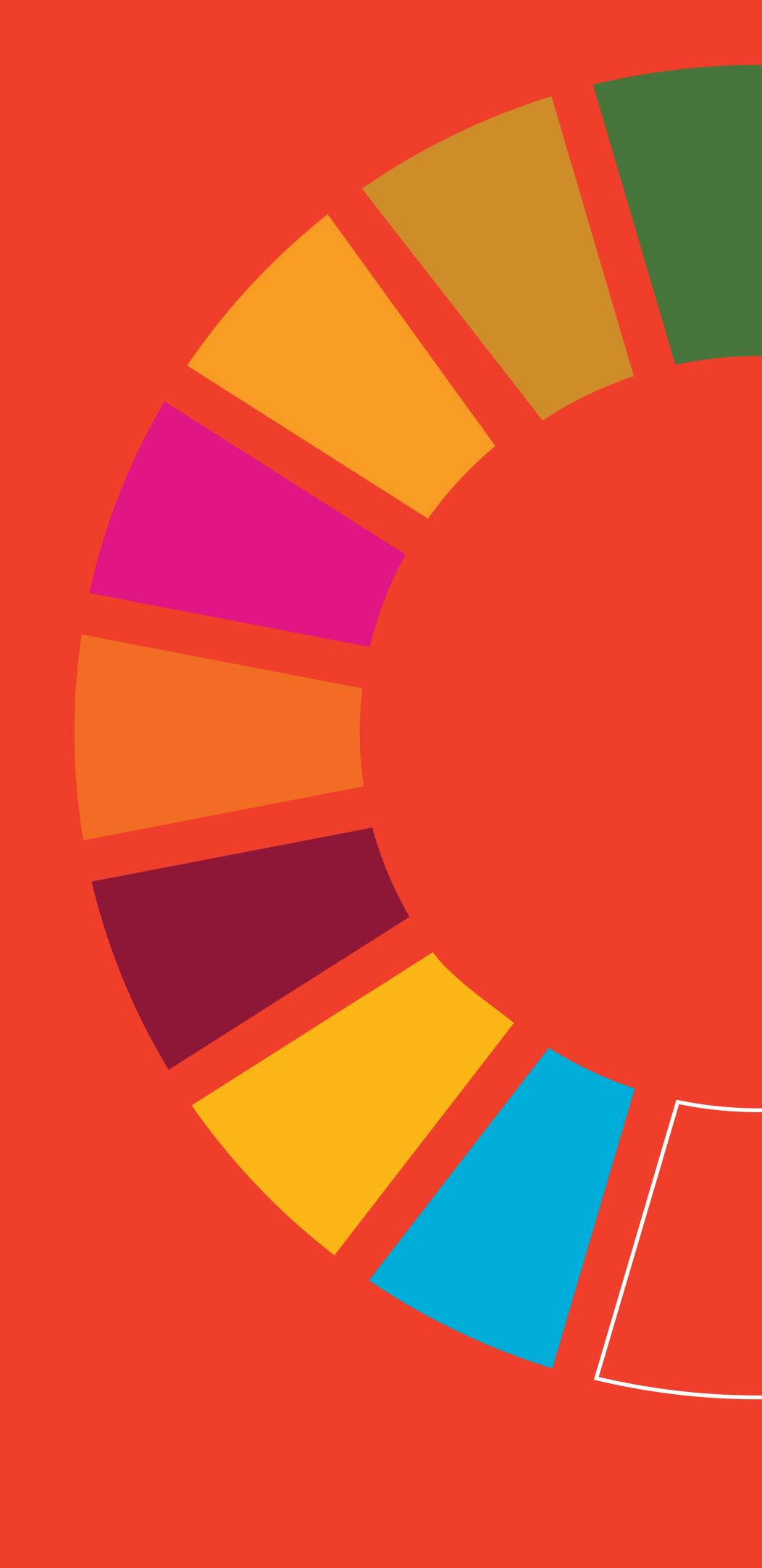


The members of the International Telecommunication (ITU) have launched the International Girls in ICT Day, to encourage young women to pursue a career in the field of information and communication s technology and narrow the gender gap in that sector.



UN-Women, a
United Nations
entity, is devoted
to women victims
of violence and is
helping to boost
investments in
prevention, the
most effective longterm means to stop
violence.







- ▶ 785 million people do not have access to basic drinking water services and 144 million are dependent on surface water.
- More than 80% of wastewater from human activities flows back into rivers or the sea without being treated.
- Page 2030, global water requirements are expected to reach 6.9 trillion cubic meters, which is 40% above our current water supply.

Water is essential for life. Change starts with you. Here are some things we can all do.



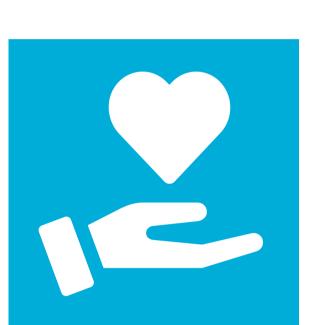
Repair any water leaks in your home.
A dripping tap can waste more than 11,000 litres of water per year.



Turn off the tap when brushing your teeth or while applying soap in the shower.



Never pour toxic substances, such as paint, cooking oil or medicines, down the drain. These pollute rivers and lakes and are harmful to the health of aquatic life and humans.



Donate to projects that need funds to drill boreholes, install pipes and pumps, educate communities on how to maintain them,













# Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all









- Achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water.
- Achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all.
- Protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes.

### International Geneva, solutions to ensure access to water for all



The United Nations
Environment
Programme (UNEP)
seeks to make
countries aware of
how to make better

countries aware of how to make better use of freshwater and advises them on the implementation of regulatory programmes.



The data and analyses provided by national meteorological and hydrological services, coordinated by the World Meteorological Organization (WMO), help to ensure that drinking water is safe and that human activities do not pollute aquatic ecosystems.

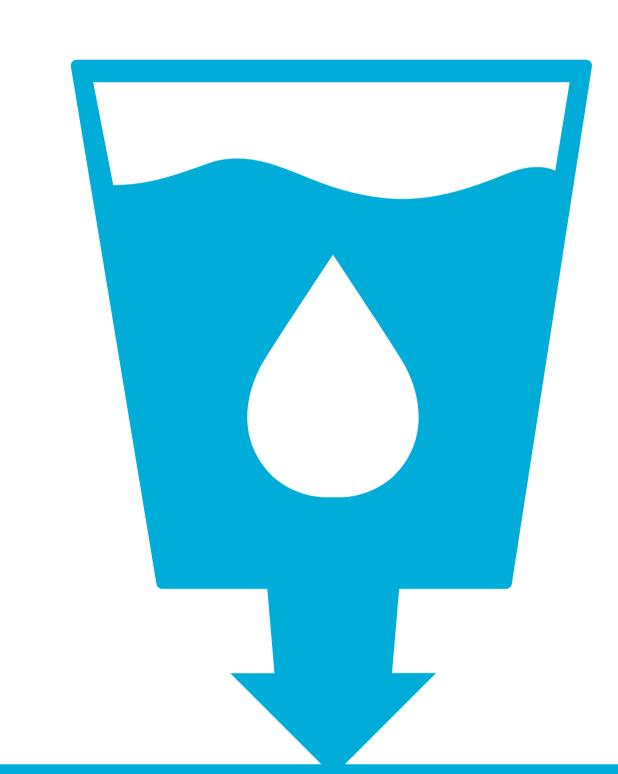


With a presence in over 100 countries, the Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) team of the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), promotes the installation of toilets in places where there are none and teaches children basic hygiene practices.



The Protocol on

Water and Health concluded by the World Health Organization (WHO) and the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) serves as a guide for the creation of national programmes aimed at guaranteeing clean and healthy water for all citizens.



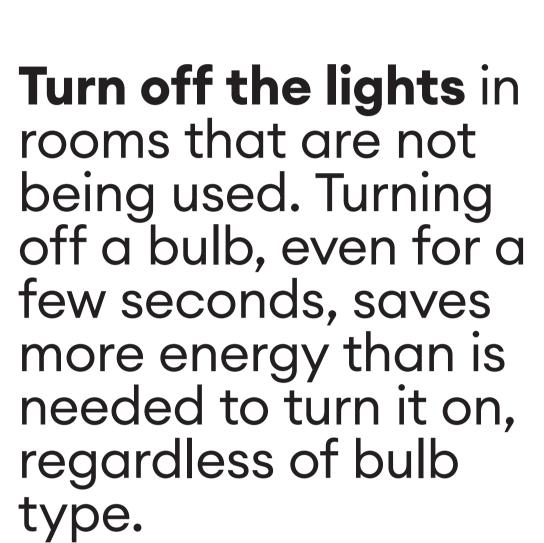




- worldwide have no access to electricity and 2.5 billion rely on traditional biomass, such as food waste, wood and leaves, as a source of energy.
- Energy consumption is the dominant factor in climate change and accounts for around 60% of total global greenhouse gas emissions.
- Heating accounts for 70% of Swiss household energy consumption. One of the most harmful types of heating is fuel oil, which is currently used in 45% of the country's heating systems.

We can all contribute to less harmful and more balanced energy consumption. Here are a few simple things we can do every day.







Check the energy efficiency labels on your household appliances. They will tell you how much energy your appliances consume.



Support solar energy projects for schools, homes and offices.



Turn off electronic devices such as television sets and computers, before heading off on holiday.



Cover your saucepans with lids. This reduces by 75% the amount of energy needed to boil water.













Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all









- Ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.
- Increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix.
- Double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency.

## International Geneva, solutions to facilitate access to energy for all



Over the past two decades, the **United Nations** Development Programme (UNDP) has provided more than 150 countries with sustainable energy support through a portfolio of USD 2 billion and more than 4,000 community-level small grant projects amounting to more than USD 130 million.



The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) helps countries by providing the technical foundations for rural electrification, universal electricity access via low-voltage direct current (LVDC), solar energy and LED.



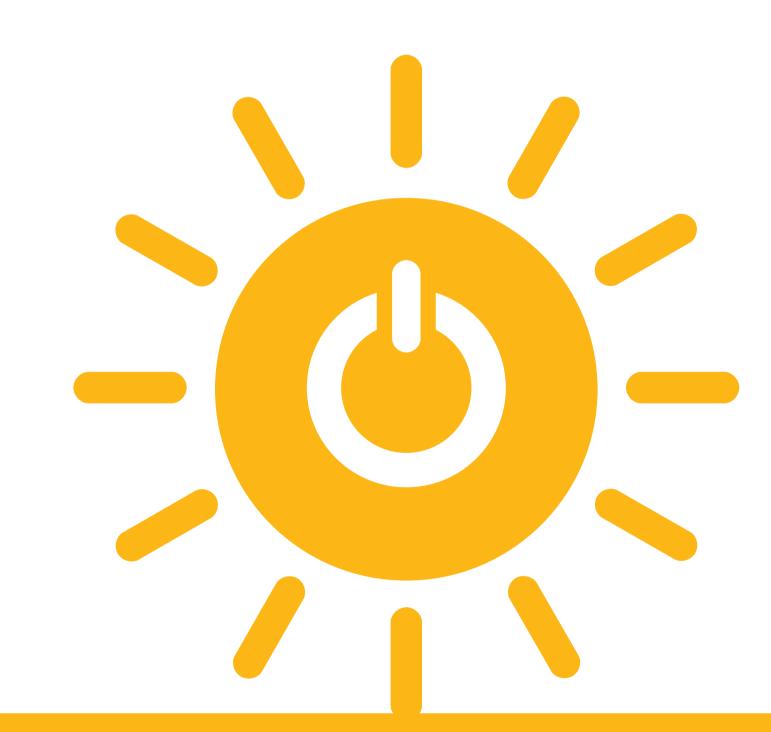
More than 200
International
Organization for
Standardization
(ISO) standards
relating to energy
efficiency and
renewable energy
help companies
to reduce their
energy consumption
and adopt
renewable energy
technologies.



The World Trade Organization (WTO) serves as a forum in which Members seek to lower trade barriers for the goods and services needed to produce sustainable energy.



Thanks to
International Labour
Organization (ILO)
programmes, 2.5
million jobs will
be created in the
production of energy
generated from
renewable energy,
thereby offsetting
the loss of some
400,000 jobs in fossil
fuel-based electricity
production.





- ▶ In 2020, 114 million people in the world were unemployed, with women and young workers the most severely affected.
- The number of child workers has risen to 160 million worldwide, an increase of 8.4 million children over the last four years.
- The world will need 470 million jobs a year for labour market newcomers between 2016 and 2030.

Everyone should be entitled to decent work. Change begins with your everyday actions.



Support employment opportunities for young people. Give them more stability by offering long-term contracts.



Provide financial assistance for training and development programmes that enhance skills.



Encourage young people to explore different professional environments. Foster innovative entrepreneurship.



Support international campaigns to end modern slavery, forced labour, human trafficking and forced marriage.













Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all







- Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances.
- Promote developmentoriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation and entrepreneurship.
- Improve resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation.

### International Geneva, solutions to ensure decent work for all



With the help of its International Patent System, the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) encourages companies to innovate and create new jobs. Any creation or invention can be protected simultaneously in a large number of countries.



Trade encourages competition and the spread of new technologies and leads to growth, development and job creation. For more than 25 years, World Trade Organization (WTO) rules have fostered stable, predictable and equitable trading relations globally.



To foster a greener economy, the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) has trained a national pool of 94 trainers in energy management, the environment and life cycle assessment, and the water footprint of the Middle East and North Africa region.



Roughly half the world's population lives on USD 2 a day. In too many places, having a job does not guarantee the ability to escape from poverty. Promoting jobs and enterprise, guaranteeing rights at work, extending social protection and promoting social dialogue are the four pillars of the International Labour Organization's Decent Work Agenda, with gender as a cross-cutting theme.







- 75% of the world's population will live in urban areas by 2050. Industrialization drives economic growth and creates jobs, thereby reducing income poverty.
- > 97% of the world's population is now covered by a mobile cellular signal and 90% by a 3G (or higher quality) network.
- Innovation boosts the technological capacity of industrial sectors and favours the development of new skills.

Technological development is vital for ensuring that our societies evolve. What each of can do.



Make cities healthy.
Turn empty roof
space on buildings
into green roofs to
improve air quality
and insulation and
absorb sound.



Don't throw things away. Whenever possible, repair your possessions, especially your electronic gadgets. Sell things you don't want or give them away.



Keep up to date with the latest technologies and innovation. Find out which technologies are environmentally friendly.



Encourage sustainable infrastructure that uses environmentally friendly resources.













Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation









- Increase resourceuse efficiency and adopt more clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes.
- Support technology development, research and innovation.
- Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises to financial services.

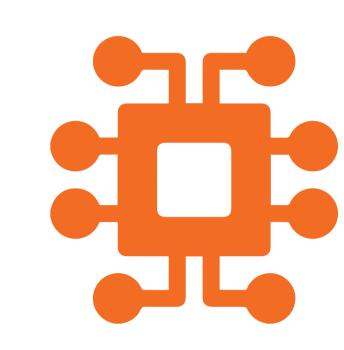
# International Geneva, solutions for building sustainable infrastructure and fostering innovation



The World Intellectual **Property** Organization (WIPO) seeks to enable innovation and creativity for the economic, social and cultural development of all countries. It administers a balanced and effective international intellectual property system.



The United Nations
Conference
on Trade and
Development
(UNCTAD) is the
focal point for
issues relating
to international
investment
agreements.
It encourages
responsible
investment
and promotes
entrepreneurship.



The International
Trade Centre
(ITC) helps SMEs
in developing
countries to
increase their
value addition
by boosting their
innovation capacity,
fostering access
to technologies
and encouraging
international trade.



Through its
58 Transport
Conventions, the
UN Economic
Commission for
Europe (UNECE)
offers a framework
to develop safe and
sustainable transport
systems.





- The wealthiest 10% of the world's population earn up to 40% of total global income.
- ▶ 1% of the richest people in Switzerland own 40% of the country's wealth. In extreme cases, the highest-paid person in a company earns 230 times more than the lowest-paid person.
- ▶ 85.5% of the world's population still have no access to broadband Internet, which limits their ability to work and continue their education.



### Reduce inequality. What we can do in our daily lives.



If you are the victim of, or witness, any form of discrimination, talk about it.



Encourage children to make friends with children from different cultures. Take your children to the park and other communal spaces and look for opportunities to interact with people

from all walks of life.



Adapt your activities so that friends who have disabilities or do not speak your language well can join in.



Banish stereotypes.
Spend time with people of different cultures and origins so as to discover new ways of seeing things and better understand what is unfamiliar to you.



Show solidarity.
Support inclusive projects.









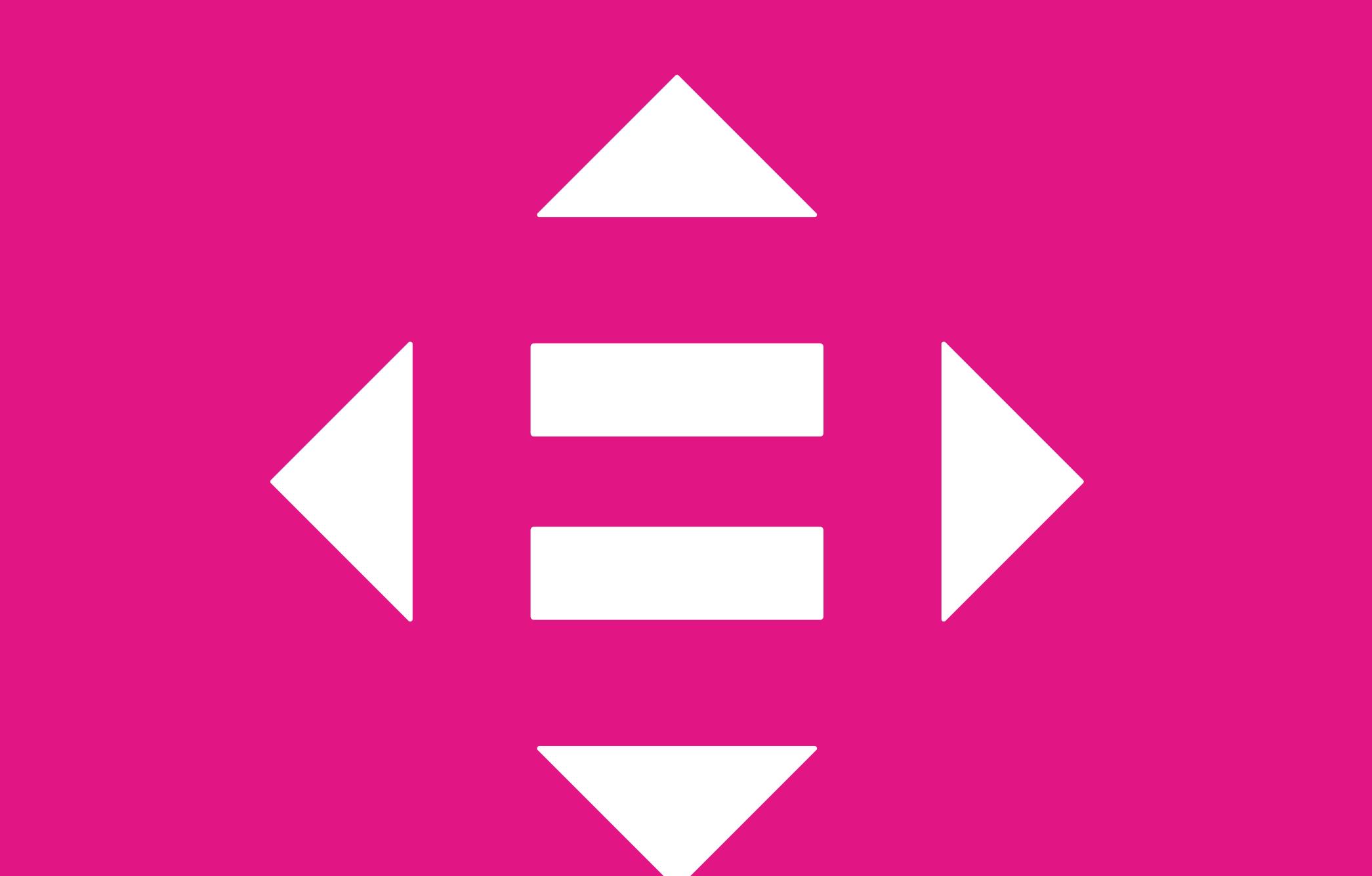




### Reduce inequality within and among countries









- Ensure equal opportunity, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices.
- Implement migration policies that are planned and well-managed.
- ► Encourage official development assistance and financial flows to States where the need is greatest.

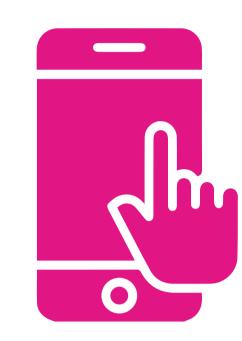
### International Geneva, solutions to reduce inequality



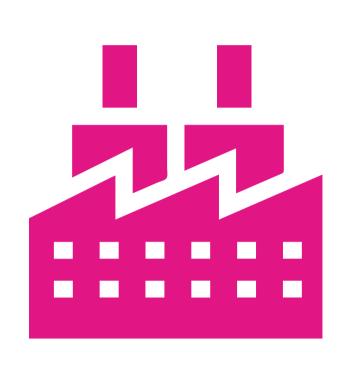
The International Labour Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work is an expression of commitment by Member States to respect and promote principles and rights, including, in particular, the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment.



170 countries have already received support from the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) to create an enabling legal and policy environment addressing the issue of structural inequalities.



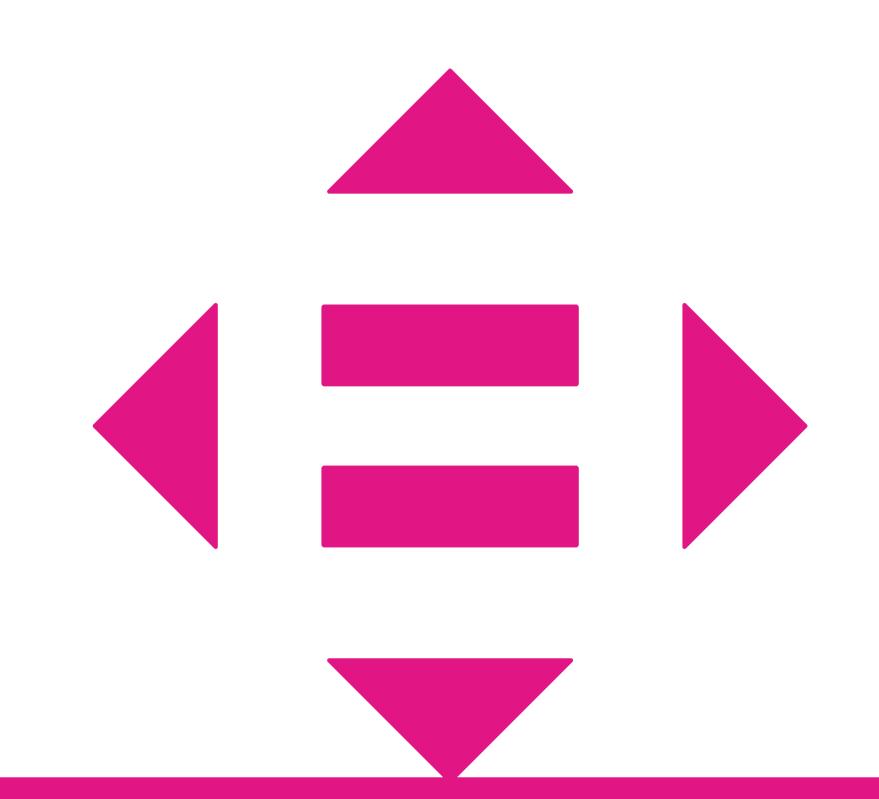
The International Telecommunication Union (ITU) helps to reduce digital inequality within and between countries by improving access to information and communication technologies (ICTs) for disadvantaged segments of society.



The United **Nations Industrial** Development Organization (UNIDO) promotes greater productivity, stable employment and increased incomes, and improves economic opportunities between and within populations, countries and regions.



World Trade
Organization (WTO)
rules seek to reduce
the impact of
existing inequalities
through "special
and differential
treatment".
Developing and least
developed countries
benefit from special
provisions adapted to
their specific needs.





- ▶ 56.2% of the world's population currently lives in cities. This figure is expected to reach 68% by 2050, amounting to 6.5 billion people.
- By 2030, 95% of the increase in urban populations is expected to take place in developing countries, in particular Africa and Asia.
- Cities account for only 3% of land mass, but produce 75% of all carbon emissions, meaning that 9 out of 10 city dwellers are breathing polluted air.

### What we can all do for our cities. Some simple everyday actions.



Use public transport, city bikes and other modes of environment all y friendly transport.



Support the development of sport and recreational spaces in cities. They help build stronger, healthier and happier communities.



Reach out to underprivilege dareas. Include people of different social classes in decision-making processes that directly affect them.



Raise carbon footprint awareness. Make people around you aware of their individual footprint and that of their city, and how they can improve it.



Take part in neighbourhood activities at the weekend or during holidays. Do some volunteer work to further social or environmental causes in the area where you live.













Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable









- Ensure access for all to housing and basic services that are adequate, safe and affordable.
- Reduce the adverse environmental impact of cities, including by improving air quality and municipal waste management.
- Enhance capacity for sustainable and participatory human settlement planning and management in all countries.

## International Geneva, solutions for a more sustainable habitat



**UNESCO** brings together city authorities and urban stakeholders from all over the world under various initiatives, including the International Coalition of Inclusive and Sustainable Cities, the Creative Cities Network, the Global Network of Learning Cities, the Organization of World Heritage Cities, and the Megacities Alliance for Water and Climate.



In 2017, UNICEF
launched a
toolkit designed
to facilitate the
implementation of
the Child Friendly
Cities Initiative
and ensure respect
for the principles
enshrined in the
Convention on the
Rights of the Child.



The International Organization for Migration (IOM) plays a major role in providing humanitarian shelter and settlements to people affected by natural disasters and conflict. The IOM works in both operations and coordination and plays a strong role in working with partners in support of national authorities.



Cities are the main drivers of economic growth. They are also big consumers of energy and a major source of pollution. **UN-Habitat** works with its partners to build inclusive, safe and sustainable cities and communities. Urbanization is a positive transformative force for people and communities, reducing inequality, discrimination and poverty.





- If the global population grows to 9.6 billion by 2050, the equivalent of almost three planets will be required to provide the natural resources needed to sustain current lifestyles.
- The food sector accounts for around 30% of the world's energy consumption and around 22% of greenhouse gas emissions.
- ▶ USD 120 billion would be saved annually if consumers worldwide switched to energy efficient lightbulbs.

Sustainable consumption practices are not restrictions.
They can easily be incorporated into your daily life.



Eat local. Avoid unnecessary packaging and use reusable packaging.



Only buy what you really need. This will help prevent overconsumption and the depletion of natural resources.



Drink tap water wherever it is safe. Carry a reusable water bottle so that you don't need to buy water in plastic bottles.



Repair rather than throw away, and try to buy recycled products so as to support the circular economy and limit your carbon footprint.



Don't keep clothes or other items you are not using. Give them away.













# Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns









- Halve per capita global food waste.
- Reduce the release of waste to air, water and soil in order to minimize its adverse impact on health and the environment.
- ► Ensure that everyone has the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and a lifestyle in harmony with nature.

# International Geneva, solutions to ensure responsible consumption and production



The United **Nations Institute** for Training and Research (UNITAR) promotes a deeper understanding of consumption through its e-learning course "Introduction to Sustainable Consumption and Production", developed in partnership with the UN Environment Programme.

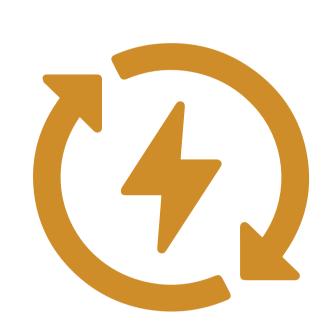


From the field to the supermarket shelf, the "Standards Map" of the International Trade Centre (ITC) enables small-scale producers in developing countries to offer safe and ethical products to consumers.



needed to develop
the infrastructure
required to ensure
sustainable
development.
The International
Institute for
Sustainable
Development (IISD)
has issued a series
of recommendations
on how to address
this gap.

USD 50 trillion is



The International **Telecommunication** Union (ITU) seeks to raise Member States' awareness of e-waste recycling, a process that gives value to the raw materials contained in such waste, while also creating jobs and providing opportunities to benefit from waste management innovations.





- ▶ Between 1880 and 2020, the global average temperature has warmed by 1.02°C. 2011-2020 was the hottest decade ever.
- ▶ Global CO2 emissions increased by 62% between 1990 and 2019. They increased faster between 2000 and 2010 than in each of the previous three decades.
- Climate change continues to exacerbate the frequency and severity of natural disasters wildfires, drought, floods, storms etc. which have killed more than 1.2 million people since 2000.

Let's change our behaviour to reduce CO2 emissions – here are a few simple things we can do every day.



Make those around you aware of ways to combat global warming.



Support the planting of new trees. They emit oxygen, absorb carbon dioxide and regulate the temperature.



Bring reusable shopping bags.



Drive less. Walk, cycle, use public transport or carpool. Try taking the train instead of a plane.



Look after your car.
A well-maintained car emits fewer toxic particles.













### Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts









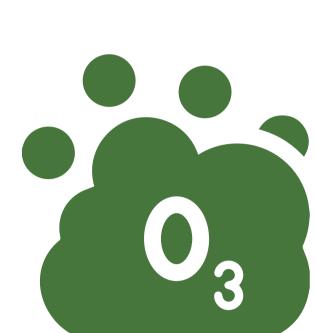
- **By 2018, 175 countries** had ratified the Paris Agreement and pledged to do everything possible to hold the increase in the global average temperature to below 2°C and reduce the dramatic consequences of global warming, in particular the rising sea level and the increase in extreme weather phenomena.
- Invest in developing a low-carbon economy.
- Support education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity for urgent collective action.





The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) aims to provide governments, at all levels, with scientific information they can use to develop climate policies. IPPC assessments are a key input into the international negotiations to tackle climate

change.



Development Programme (UNDP) supports a climate portfolio of USD 3 billion. UNDP assistance to implement the **Montreal Protocol** has enabled 120 countries to eliminate 67,870 tonnes of ozone-depleting substances, while also reducing 5.08 billion tonnes of CO2-equivalent

greenhouse gas

emissions.

The United Nations



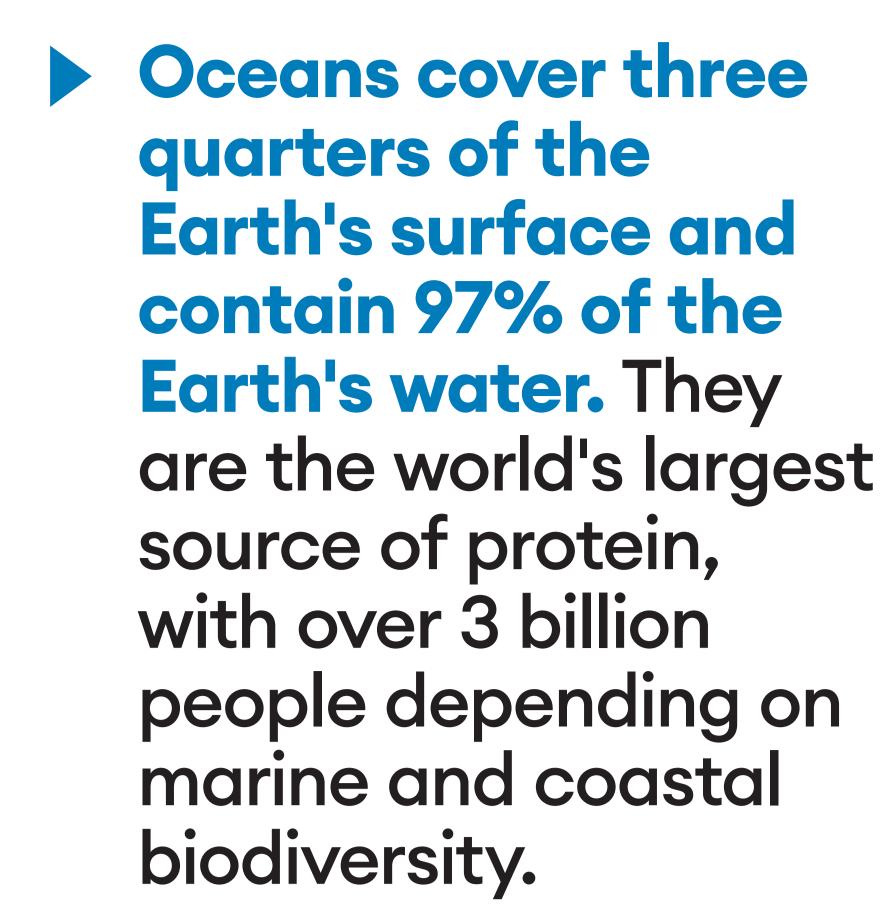
The International Air Transport Association (IATA) has launched the "Fly Aware" project, bringing together airlines, airports, air navigation service providers and aviation manufacturers from around the world with the aim of reducing CO2 emissions by half by 2050.



The World Meteorological Organization (WMO) provides decisionmakers with the scientific facts and analyses they need to adapt to climate change impacts and build climate resilience. It also provides training to national meteorological services with the aim of better understanding the needs, design and implementation of climate services.







- Clobally, the market value of marine and coastal resources and industries is estimated at USD 3 trillion per year, or about 5% of global GDP. Marine fisheries directly or indirectly employ over 200 million people.
- Up to 1 million sea birds and 100,000 sea mammals, marine turtles and countless fish are killed by plastic waste each year.





Use fewer plastic products, which remain in our ecosystem for years and threaten thousands of sea creatures every day.



Comply with overfishing legislation.
Packaging labels tell you where the fish come from and how they were caught.



Learn about the threat to the health of the oceans by watching documentaries, for example.



Volunteer regularly with local associations to help clean up lakeshores and riverbanks.









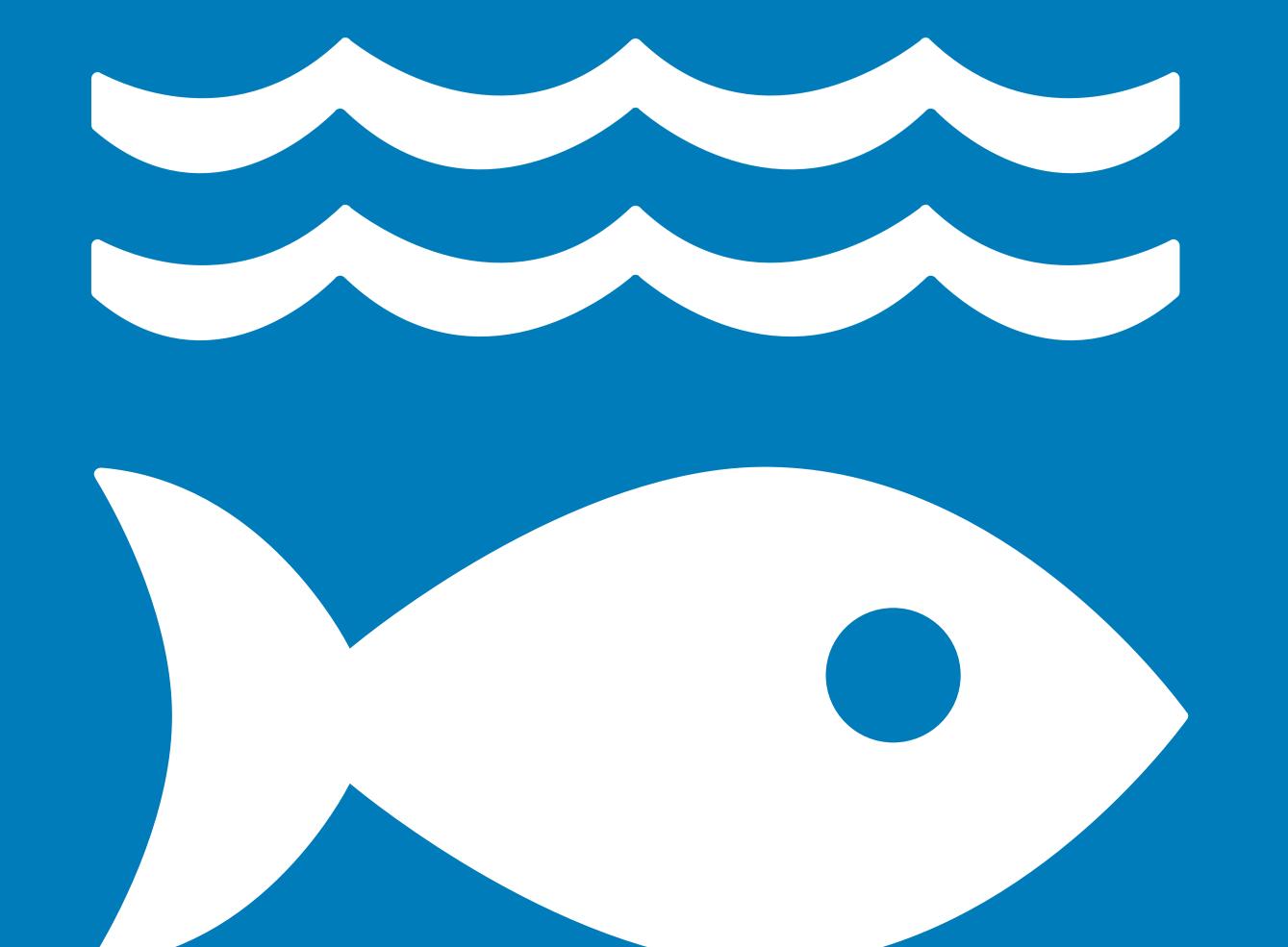




# Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources



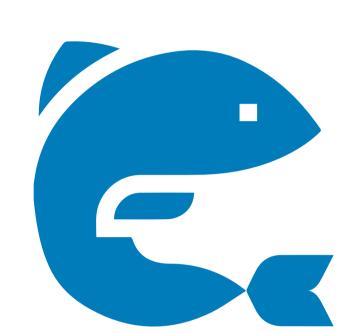






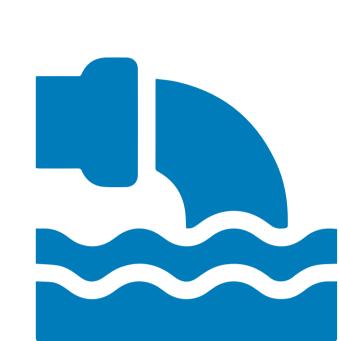
- Sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems from pollution, as well as the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels.
- Significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution.
- ► Effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices.





The United Nations
Environment
Programme
(UNEP) and
International Union
for Conservation
of Nature (IUCN)
have launched the
"Marine Protected
Planet Interactive"
platform to
gather and share
information about

ocean protection.



When polluted waters (from landbased activities) reach the marine environment, the pollution enters the marine ecosystem and the food chain, exacerbating the build-up and transfer of contaminants. UN-Water coordinates the response of UN bodies to water challenges.



Overexploitation of marine resources threatens ocean conservation and the livelihoods of millions of people who depend on coastal ecosystems for their income and food security. Thanks to its online platform, "Standards Map", the International Trade Centre (ITC) helps companies to move towards more sustainable trade.



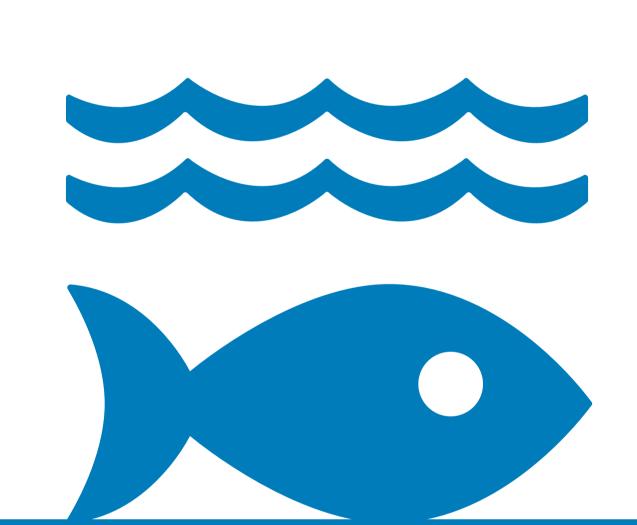
On 17 June 2022,

the Member States

of the World Trade

Organisation (WTO)

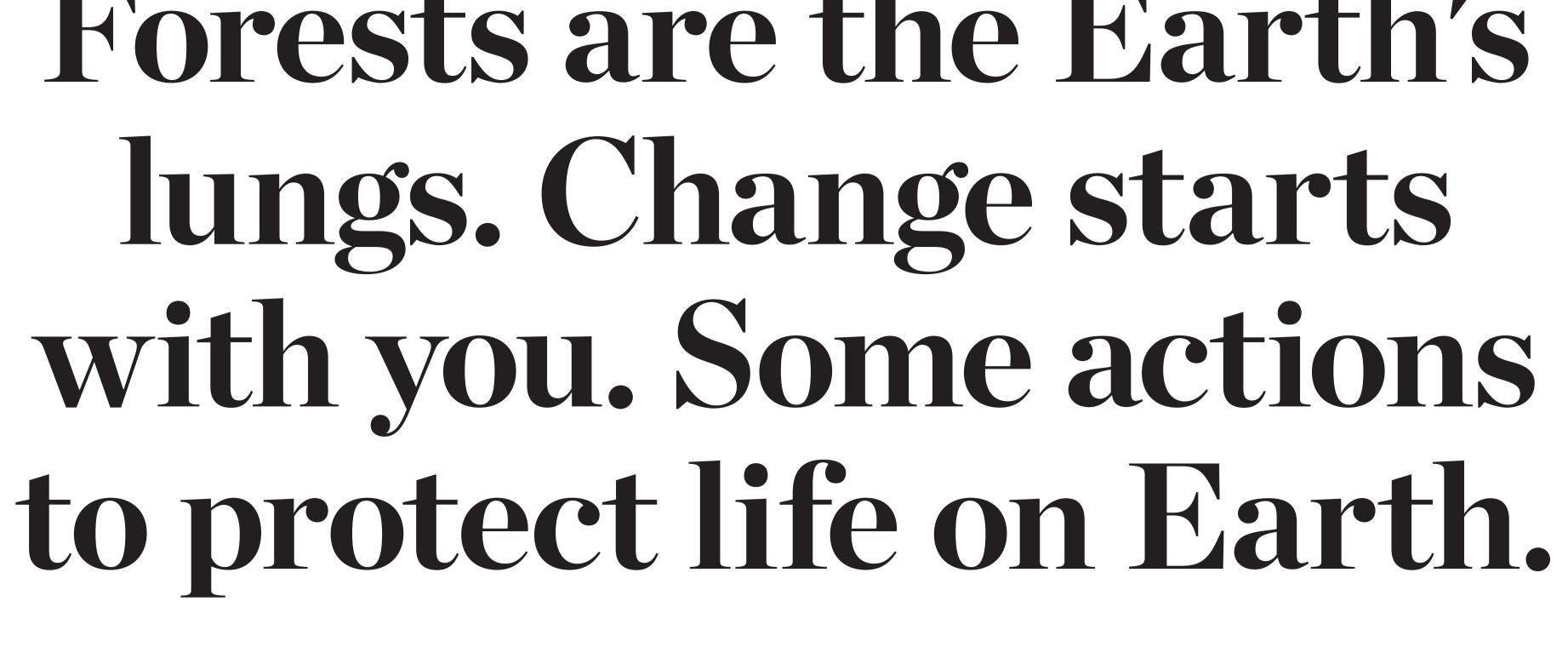
adopted a multilateral agreement to reduce harmful fisheries subsidies. The clauses concern prohibition of certain fisheries subsidies that contribute to overcapacity and overtishing, as well as the removal of subsidies that contribute to illegal fishing. This agreement is historic, because it is the first to include an environmental environmental objective.





- Forests are home to 80% of all terrestrial species of animals and plants. Yet every year, 13 million hectares of forest are destroyed. Even though up to 15% of land is currently under protection, biodiversity is still at risk.
- **2.6** billion people depend directly on agriculture, but 52% of agricultural land is moderately or severely affected by soil degradation.
- Nearly 7,000 species of animals and plants have been reported in illegal trade affecting 120 countries. Of the 8,300 known animal breeds, 8% are extinct and 22% are at risk of extinction.







Adopt a healthier and more environmentally friendly diet. Eat foods that are in season, which taste better, cost less and are more environmentally friendly. Eat less meat.



Never buy products made from threatened or endangered species.



Make your own compost. This encourages biodiversity, enriches the soil and reduces the need to use fertilizers.



**Buy recycled** products to support the circular economy and leave a smaller carbon footprint.



Avoid using pesticides that end up in rivers and lakes, harming the fauna and flora.









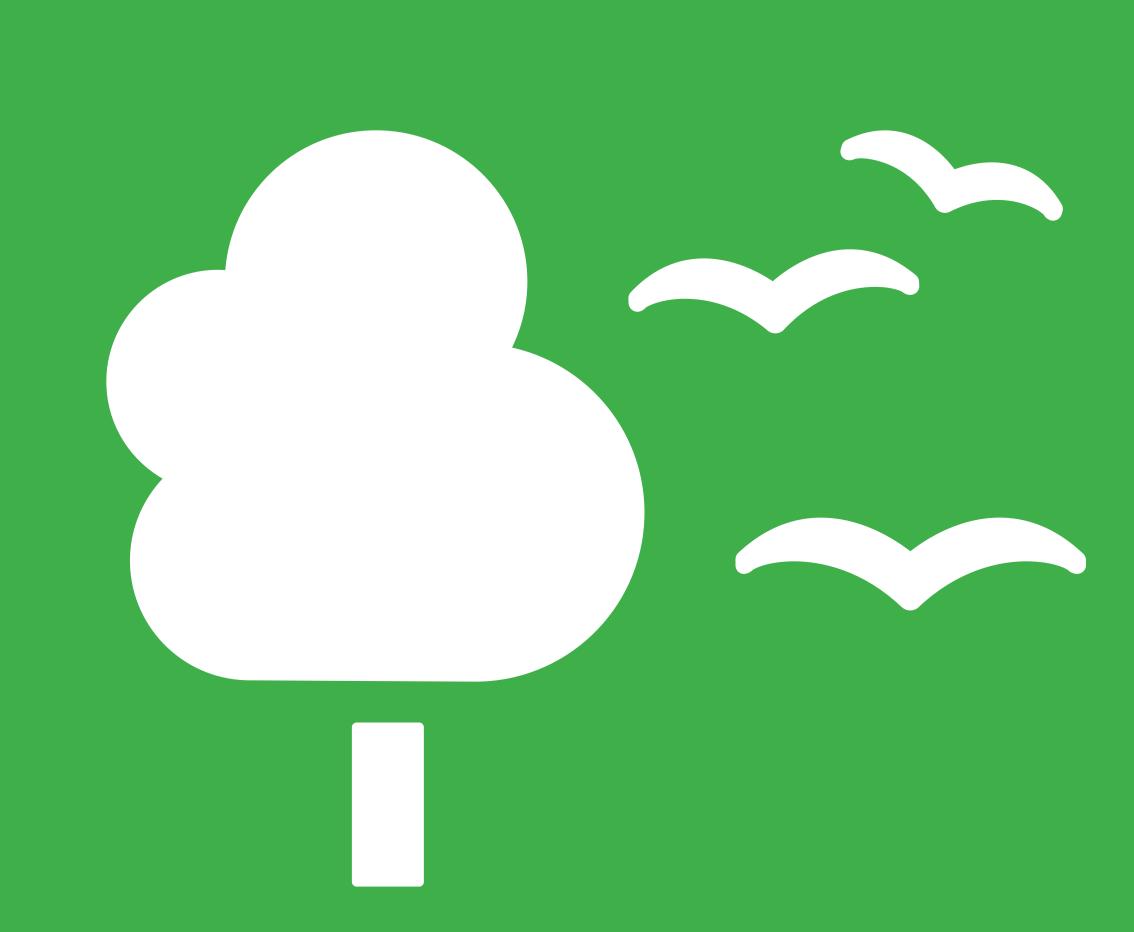




Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and natana reverse and degradation and stop biodiversity 









- Ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems in line with obligations under international agreements.
- Take urgent and significant action to reduce the loss of natural habitats and biodiversity: halt deforestation, restore degraded land and soil, and end poaching and trafficking in protected species of flora and fauna.
- Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources.



### International Geneva, solutions to protect forests and biodiversity



The Convention on International Trade in Endangered **Species of Wild** Fauna and Flora (CITES) ensures that international trade in specimens of wild animals and plants does not threaten the survival of the species. CITES protects some 5,800 species of animals and 30,000 species of plants.



Since 2008, the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) has supported over 170 countries and territories and at least 19,000 local communities in addressing issues, including sea level rise, soil erosion and better land use.



The CERN "CLOUD" project studies the effects of aerosols on clouds to better understand climate change. Clouds exert a strong influence on the Earth's energy balance; changes of only a few per cent have an important effect on the climate.



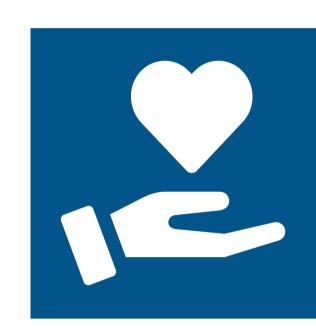
The World Trade Organization (WTO) provides its Members with a forum in which to exchange information on national experiences and global actions to combat the illegal timber trade and to discuss trade opportunities for products harvested in a sustainable manner.



- The number of people forced to flee conflict, violence and persecution crossed the milestone of 100 million in 2022, the highest level recorded for almost 70 years.
- Globally, unsentenced detainees account for nearly 30% of the prison population.
- Roughly 1.1 billion people around the world do not have an officially recognized ID, including some young people whose births were never registered, as well as many women in poor regions of Africa and Asia.

Peace begins with yourself and those around you. Here are can do every day.





Participate in public life in your country in an informed way during elections. Be involved in decisionmaking.



Read the news, follow national and international news. Get involved to promote peace.



Do not tolerate violence, especially towards women. If you witness it, report it. Learn to make and defend peace.



Respect others' cultures and beliefs. If you do not understand a different tradition or custom, find out about it before judging.



Promote a peaceful environment at home, at school or in the office. In the event of a dispute, use dialogue rather than conflict.

PEACE, JUSTICE

INSTITUTIONS













Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions atallewes







- Significantly reduce all forms of violence and work with governments and communities to find lasting solutions to conflict and insecurity.
- Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.
- Combat all forms of organized crime.

### International Geneva, solutions for peace, justice and effective institutions



The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) provides protection and assistance to victims of armed conflicts and other situations of violence. It ensures respect for international humanitarian law and its integration into national legislation.



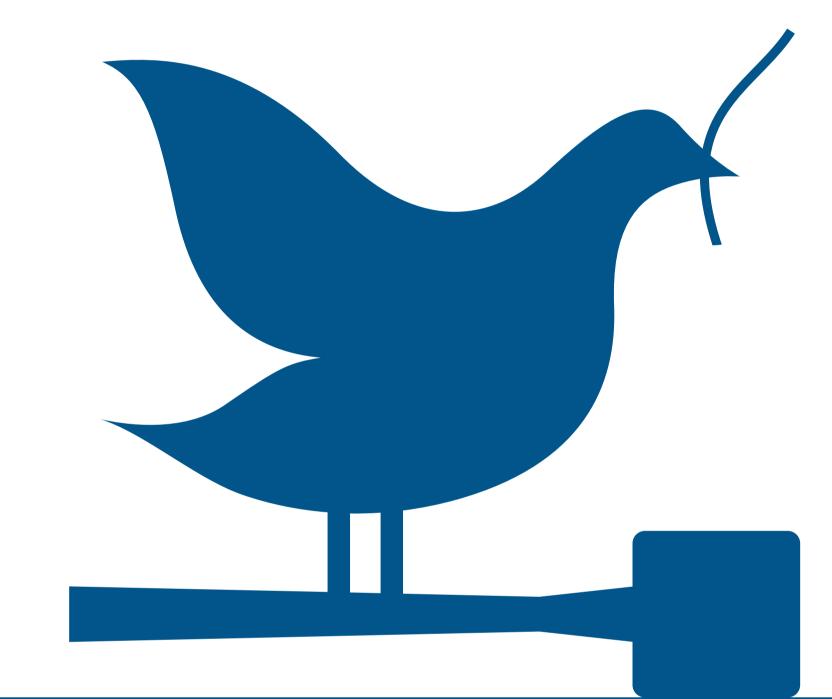
The United Nations Institute for Training and Research (UNITAR) offers anti-corruption **programmes** for the regions of North Africa and the Sahel to train individuals trom government, civil society organizations and the private sector on anti-corruption best practices, specifically with regard to coalitionbuilding.



Between 2005
and 2017, Plan
International
helped to register
more than 40
million children and
influenced laws in
10 countries so 153
million more children
could exercise
their right to a birth
certificate.



Information and communications technology (ICT) developed by the International **Telecommunicatio** n Union (ITU) helps to strengthen institutions for a fairer and more peaceful world, particularly through smarter digital services, by providing better access to information and increasing transparency.







- ▶ 36 partnerships have been created between governments, international organizations and other stakeholders to accelerate the global response to the COVID-19 pandemic, providing urgent health and socio-economic responses.
- ► In 2019, international remittances from migrants to their countries of origin reached USD 554 billion.
- ▶ Official development assistance reached a record high of USD 161 billion in 2020, an increase of 3.5% in real terms from 2019.

There is strength in unity. Accelerate change with these daily actions.



Learn about the work of the United Nations: its role, its stakeholders, its actions and its cultural sites.



Share your knowledge and expertise with others. Look for opportunities for collaboration, rather than differences.



Practice teamwork at home, at school or in your workplace.
Collaborate instead of competing.



Take part in group sports, artistic or educational activities. We always learn more with others.



Encourage greater corporate social responsibility towards sustainable development-related projects.













Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development







- ▶ Play an active role in the work of the United Nations, a crucial platform for dialogue, negotiations and strengthening cooperation among countries.
- partnerships among national programmes that protect the planet, promote peaceful societies and support inclusive and rules-based socioeconomic action.
- Enhance knowledgesharing among countries and improve coordination among existing mechanisms to strengthen access to science, the economy technology and innovation.



# International Geneva, partnerships to accelerate the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals



In 2020, the Global Alliance for Vaccines and **Immunization** (GAVI), the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI) and the World **Health Organization** (WHO) launched the COVAX initiative, which aims to guarantee fair and equitable access to COVID-19 vaccines for every country in the world.



Over the years, the **World Bank Group** and the United Nations have worked together in almost every region and every sector. For example, they work side by side in regions affected by fragility, conflict and violence through the Humanitarian-Development-Peace Initiative (HDPI).



The Global Alliance for Improved **Nutrition (GAIN)** works with governments, businesses, development partners, academia and think-tanks to make food systems more nutrition sensitive, with the aim of offering healthy and nutritious food to hundreds of millions of people.



The Inter-Parliamentary Union (IPU) organized the First Global **Parliamentary** Meeting on Achieving the **SDGs in 2021,** bringing together representatives of 70 parliaments from the 5 continents to discuss responses to new challenges caused by the COVID-19 crisis with a view to achieving the 2030 Agenda.

